

FAIR SHARED CITY: GENDER MAINSTREAMING PLANNING STRATEGY IN VIENNA: AUSTRIA.







# Fair Shared City: Gender Mainstreaming Planning Strategy in Vienna





## **City of Vienna**

- 1.6 million inhabitants, 23 districts, 415 km²
- increasing population
  after decades of stagnation
- high percentage of historical districts
- "green city", but lack of open space in districts close to the city center.
- extensive public transport system
- large city administration: 67 municipal departments (20 departments in the technical sector)





# 17 Years Women's Interests in the Field of Planning

- 1991: exhibition "Who Does Public Space Belong to Women's Everyday Life in the City"
- 1992: Women's Office
- 1998: Co-Ordination Office for Planning and Construction Geared to the Requirements of Daily Life and the Specific Needs of Women

since 2001: Co-Ordination Office puts focus on **Gender Mainstreaming** (about 50 gender mainstreaming **pilot projects** up to now)





### **Co-Ordination Office**

- institutional background: Co-Ordination Office was established at the highest level of City Administration (Chief Executive Office – Executive Group for Urban Planning, Development and Construction)
- Co-Ordination Office works together mainly with 12 planning and traffic departments
- combining technical requirements and social skills
- personal staff of 5: head of office, 2 co-worker, secretary, tracer
- small, annual budget (~30.000 Euro) and extra budget for certain projects





## Gender Mainstreaming in the Field of Planning

planning was traditionelly focusing on a work and leisure-time perspective gender-sensitive planning as an **essential extension** 

- thematically: supply and familiy work, subjective feeling of safety, girls' interests in playing activities and sports, patterns of mobility
- methodically: systematic und differentiated discussion on different needs of user groups

**challenge:** systematic evaluation and aggregation of experiences, identification of new topics and necessary activities, implementation of new successful methods into the mainstream

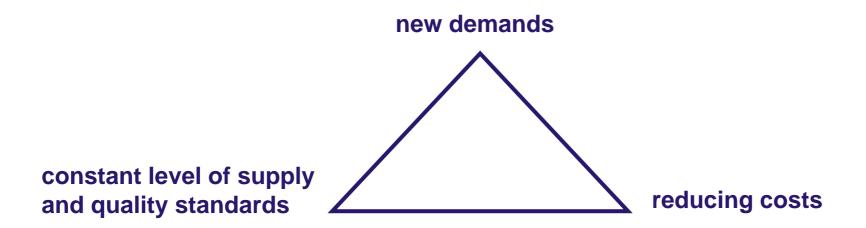




## Gender Mainstreaming / New Public Management

defining target groups, quality assurance

gender mainstreaming giving important **impulses**: decision support for conflicts of objectives with respect to social impacts



chances of success depending on type of planning projects, social awareness and general level of quality assurance





## Field of Activity

- gender-sensitive housing
- gender-sensitive park-design and playgrounds
- security in public space
- gender-sensitive traffic and transport planning
- public purpose building
- urban development

conducting research studies, evaluations and pilot projects, preparing checklists and planning recommendations, developing overall concepts, representing relevant interests in juries





## **Gender-sensitive Housing**



Frauen-Werk-Stadt I: move-in 1997, 357 flats



Frauen-Werk-Stadt II: move-in 2004, 140 flats



Frauen-Werk-Stadt III: move-in 2010, 41 flats

Ansicht Nord-West



## **Gender-sensitive Housing**

#### gender-sensitive housing criteria

- for housing projects that have applied for subsidies (developers competitions, property advisory board)
- supporting supply and family work, encouraging neighbourly contact through "social space", supporting subjective feeling of security, considering different family set-ups and life phases when designing flats

implementing into mainstream: Co-Ordiantion Office has assessed **966** residential buildings and **71.162 flats** since 1997

#### noticeable increase of quality for

- staircases and entrance
- secondary utility rooms

- outlines of flats

- open space and playgrounds





## **Gender-sensitive Park-design**

1997: "Foul Play with Opportunities? – Girls into Public Space!" (socio-scientific survey by Schlaffer / Bernard)

different range of mobility and activity interests of girls and boys ⇒ specific interests of girls have to be considered

2000: strategic project within the City's Strategy Plan

since 1999: 6 model projects realized (4 projects: testing different forms of participation for girls)

evaluation: usability analysis of 5 parks, design analysis of 14 parks in Vienna

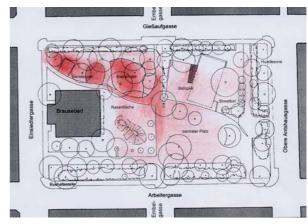




## Gender-sensitive park-design







**Odeonpark** 

**Draschepark** 

usability analysis Einsiedlerpark

working group accompanying the whole process (Co-ordination Office, Departments for Parks, Urban Planning, Out-Of-School Activities)

2006: elaboration of **planning recommendations** for gender-sensitive park design effective from January, 1<sup>st</sup>, 2007: citywide, for all park-design or -redesign processes, annual evaluation workshop

## **Gender-sensitive Traffic Planning**

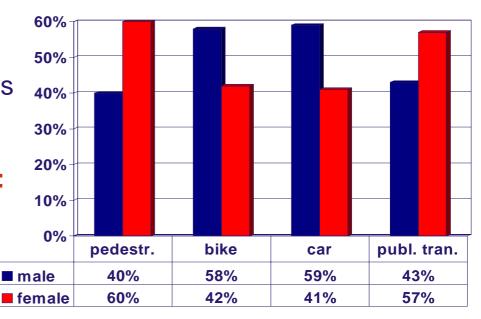
considering women's "everyday life" mobility

**purpose of traffic:** complexity of journeys (esp. combination of employment and supply / family work)

#### means of traffic (gender-split):

60% of all journeys on foot in Vienna are made by women, 59% of all journeys by car are made by men

methodical and strategical challenge: needs of pedestrians - a "blind spot" of traditional traffic planning



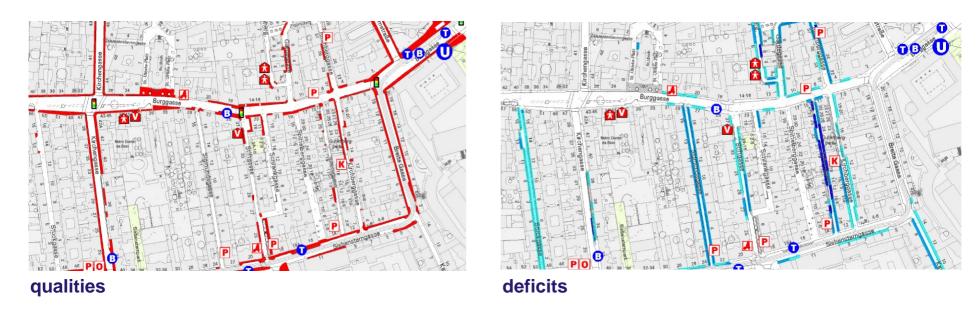
#### **Traffic Master Plan 2003:**

contains principles and objectives for pedestrians





## Gender Mainstreaming Model Districts (2002)



providing 23 Viennese districts with a set of maps depicting qualities and deficits in the pedestrian-path network related to highly frequented destinations

2006 / 2008: improving and updating

prioritizing measures in public space (limited resources)





# **Gender Mainstreaming Pilot District (2002)**

Mariahilf as a small district close to the city center

28.000 inhabitants, 1,5 km², high density, road network with a total length of 27 km



#### 7 involved municipal departments

**challenge:** to make participants sensitive to the different, gender-specific needs of road users

developing **planning instruments** for each department (e.g. **checklist** for road construction projects)







## **Gender Mainstreaming Pilot District**

realized measures within the project (2002 - 2006):

widening 1,000 metres of pavement, 40 street crossings, 26 lighting projects, 5 barrier-free pavements, installing one lift in public space, 2 minor square designs and additional seating in 9 different locations



pedestrian-friendly traffic lights



barrier-free pavements

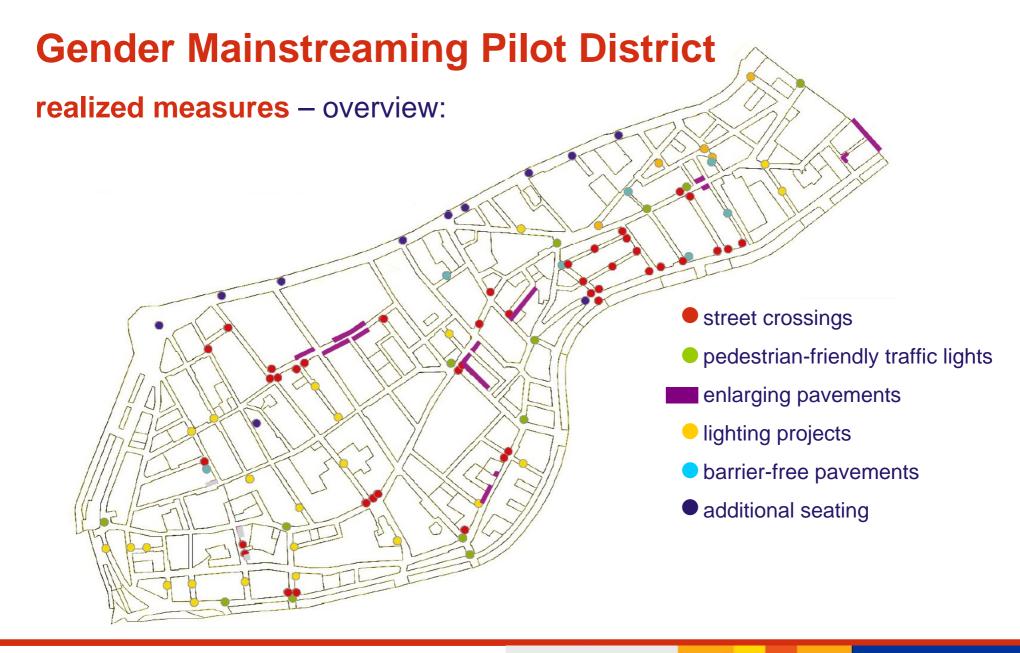


enlarging pavements











## **Activities since 2006**

#### Gender Mainstreaming-Best Practice-Exhibition and -Competition (2008/09)

**focus:** projects in public space, contribution to equality 10 of 23 districts have submitted projects **exhibition** of the projects will be shown in all participating districts

#### **Evaluation of the Traffic Master Plan**

focus: lack of data, quality of sojourn, traffic lights

#### **Gender Mainstreaming Pilot Projects**

8 municipal departments of planning and traffic sector choosing pilot projects

at least **2 p.a.**, **scope of action**: urban planning, urban design, land use, road construction, bridge construction, lightning, traffic organisation since 2006: **42 pilot projects**, scale ranging from **1:200** (road construction) to **1:12000** (urban development)





## **Urban Development: Flugfeld Aspern (Master Plan)**



Flugfeld Aspern

size: 200 ha

intended number of inhabitants: **20.000** intended number of workplaces: **25.000** 

focus: social infrastructure and accessibility gender-specific urban development expertise

analysing 9 typical **sequences of journeys** of different daily life pattern on the basis of four virtual places of domicile

child, female/male youth, female/male student, paid working (supply work), paid working at night (supply work), working (no supply work), elderly person





### **Sequences of Journeys**



146 Wohnung **6656** 000 U-Bahn - Arbeitsplatz

paid working (combined with supply work)

"supplied" working



## **Urban Development: Nordwestbahnhof (competition)**



winning project (March 2008)

size: **41 ha** 

intended number of inhabitants: 13.000

considering gender mainstreaming:

- within the urban developmentcompetition (prequalification and jury)
- Co-ordination Office is part of the core team

focus: quality of **public** and **semi-public space** 

analysing the **shading** of **open space** for each submitted project at a certain time and date

analysing the possibility to establish children's **playgrounds** of adequate scale

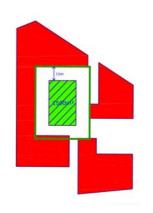


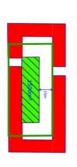


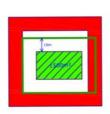
Shading of Semi-public Space (april, 10th, 3 p.m.)

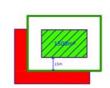


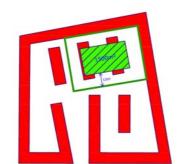
## Establishing Children's Playgrounds of Adequate Scale

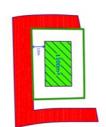


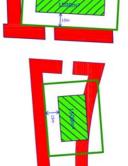


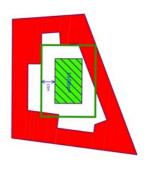




















# Extension of Subway Line No. 1

extension of the subway line from densely populated areas (historical and recent multi-storey housing) to areas of urban development

optimizing location and design of stations



- ⇒ considering surrounding, highly frequented destinations (schools, municipal facilities,..) when defining location of stations, exits and number of evelators and escalators
- ⇒ considering the needs of sensitive target groups when discussing alternatives
- ⇒ public relation: gender-sensitive language, offering child care at information events





# Criteria on Social Infrastructure for Urban Development

#### analysing case studies:

- 3 kindergardens
- 3 schools
- 2 geriatric hospitals

interviews with the heads of the institutions to gain knowledge about users' experiences

recommendations for size and location of site, orientation, structure and shape of buildings as well as height





## **Public Purpose Buildings**

competition "education center Simmeringer Markt" (2006)

#### library, music school, adult education

revising draft plans after the competition



**Simmeringer Markt** 

**Nordbahnhof** 

competition "school and kindergarden Nordbahnhof" (2007)

#### large scale education center for 3 to 10 year-olds

new prototype for urban development projects

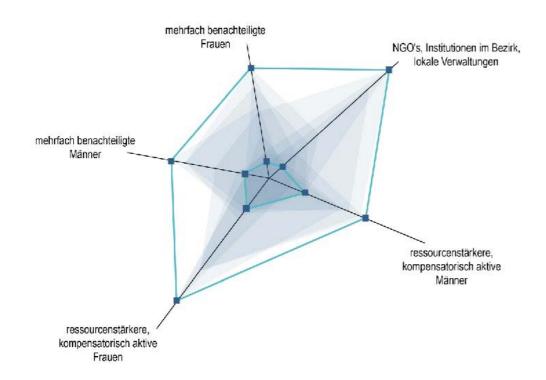
considering planning requirements in the competition (prequalification, jury)





## "Salto"

Developing measures to assure the quality of life of **elder people** and to strenghten their autonomy (2 pilot districts)







**Method:** gender figure showing the impacts of a measure on a certain target group



## **Conclusions**

#### urbanistic level:

social infrastructure: location, connection to the surroundings

site (size and shape), building (extension, number of

floors)

strong relation between shape of buildings and public and semi-public open space

two often neglected aspects: shadow / light, noise

#### pedestrian traffic / needs of mobility:

quality of mobility / of staying in public space

importance for sensitive user groups, "aging society"





### **Outlook**

- defining "bricks" and necessary elements
- systematic request of experiences of different user groups
- pilot projects, pilot processes
- involvement with all levels of planning => overall view
- => demand exceeds resources of Co-Ordination Office

#### changed strategy:

key tasks - concentration on processes with highest dynamics





# Gender Mainstreaming is a successful strategy for quality assurance



